

RETAIL TRADE

AUSTRALIA

EMBARGO: 11.30AM (CANBERRA TIME) WED 2 JUL 2003

KEY FIGURES

	May 03	Apr 03 to May 03
	\$m	% change
Turnover at current prices		
Trend estimates	14 797.7	0.4
Seasonally adjusted estimates	14 823.5	0.2

TREND ESTIMATES

POINTS

KEY

- The trend estimate of turnover for the Australian Retail and Hospitality/Services series increased by 0.4% in May 2003 compared with April 2003. This follows increases of 0.5% in April 2003 and 0.5% in March 2003.
- The trend estimate increased in all states and territories. The largest increases were in South Australia, Tasmania and the Australian Capital Territory.
- Over the three months to May 2003 the trend estimate rose by \$209m. Food retailing (+\$90m), Hospitality and services (+\$64m) and Other retailing (+\$45m) showed the largest increases.

SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

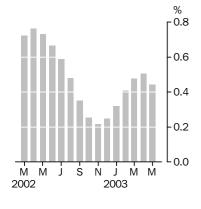
- The seasonally adjusted estimate of turnover for the Australian Retail and Hospitality/Services series increased by 0.2% in May 2003 compared with April 2003. This follows revised increases of 0.7% in April 2003 and 1.0% in March 2003 (see page 2 for further details of the revisions to the seasonally adjusted estimates).
- The estimate of total turnover for May 2003 was 4.9% higher than May 2002.

ORIGINAL ESTIMATES

- In original terms, Australian turnover increased by 3.8% in May 2003 compared with April 2003. Chains and other large retailers (which are completely enumerated) increased by 3.6%, while 'smaller' retailers (the sampled units) increased by 4.1%.
- Australian turnover increased by 4.9% in May 2003 compared with May 2002. Chains and other large retailers increased by 5.6%, while 'smaller' retailers increased by 3.9%.
- For further information about these and related statistics, contact the National Information and Referral Service on 1300 135 070 or Graham Phillips on Canberra (02) 6252 5625.

Monthly turnover Trend estmates

% change



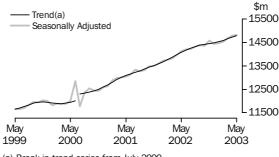
NOTES

FORTHCOMING ISSUES	ISSUE	RELEASE DATE
	June 2003	31 July 2003
	July 2003	2 September 2003
	August 2003	30 September 2003
	September 2003	3 November 2003
	October 2003	2 December 2003
	November 2003	7 January 2004
	••••••	
CHANGES IN THIS ISSUE	There are no changes in	this issue.
REVISIONS TO SEASONALLY ADJUSTED ESTIMATES	been revised due to the seasonal adjustment. Sea to the original data. In the statistical outliers so that estimated seasonal facto adjusted estimates. With re-estimated and some of longer considered extrem for March and April 2003 for March 2003 increasin adjustment, the largest in are in the preceding two	mates for a number of months—in particular April 2003—have addition of data for May 2003 and the concurrent method of asonal factors are estimated through an iterative process applied his process some observations are identified and treated as t robust seasonal factor estimates can be produced. The rs are then applied to the original data to produce seasonally the addition of data for May, the seasonal factors were observations previously considered as statistical outliers were no me. This resulted in seasonal factors being revised, particularly and April 2002, with the resulting seasonally adjusted estimate ag and April 2003 decreasing. As normally occurs with concurrent mprovement (or revisons) to the seasonally adjusted estimates o months and the same period a year ago.
	the concurrent method of seasonally adjusted estin magnitude also occurred	sonally adjusted estimates are larger than normally produced by of seasonal adjustment, but the revisions will bring the nates closer to what the final estimates will be. Revisions of this d occasionally with the forward factor method of seasonal sions were only applied once a year and were often not as
	obvious to users of the c	lata. If the forward factor method had continued to be used, the mate would have occurred at the time of the annual seasonal
NET PROCEEDS FROM GAMBLING	series compared with 3.7	gambling for December quarter 2002 was 3.6% of the Total Retail 7% in the September quarter 2002. These are the latest available For more information see the Explanatory Notes, paragraph 17.
	R.W. Edwards	

Acting Australian Statistician

TOTAL RETAIL

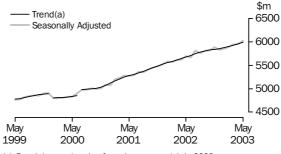
The trend growth has been weak to moderate over the last twelve months. The trend for Department stores was in decline in April and May 2003, and the Recreational good retailing industry has been in decline for ten months. Hospitality and services and Other retailing have had strong trend growth in each of the last four months.



⁽a) Break in trend series from July 2000

FOOD RETAILING

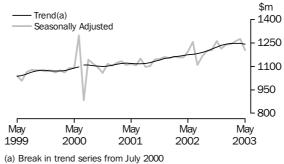
There has been weak to moderate trend growth over the last twelve months. Over the last four months, New South Wales, Western Australia, the Northern Territory and the Australian Capital Territory had weak growth each month, while Queensland and South Australia had moderate growth. Victoria had strong trend growth in the last three months.



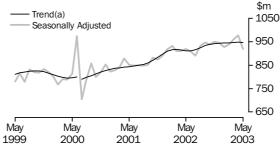
(a) Break in trend series from January and July 2000

DEPARTMENT STORES

There was strong trend growth from September to December 2002, but the industry has been in decline in the last two months. New South Wales, Victoria, Western Australia and the Australian Capital Territory were in decline in May 2003, while Queensland and South Australia had weak trend growth.



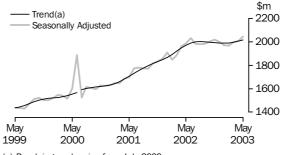
CLOTHING AND SOFT GOOD RETAILING The trend growth has been weak since December 2002, with the trend being in decline in May 2003. New South Wales and Western Australia have been in decline for the last five months, while Queensland had weak trend growth in May 2003 after a period of strong trend growth. The trend growth rate in Victoria has been increasing since December 2002, with strong trend growth in the each of the last three months.





HOUSEHOLD GOOD RETAILING

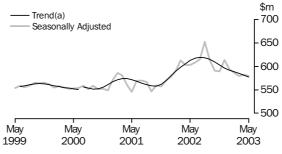
The trend growth was moderate for the last two months, after a period of being in decline. Western Australia and the Australian Capital Territory have had strong trend growth in each of the last eight months and Tasmania had strong growth over the last five months. Queensland has been in decline for the last nine months.



⁽a) Break in trend series from July 2000

RECREATIONAL GOOD RETAILING

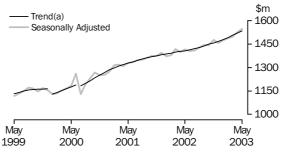
The trend has been in decline for the last ten months. New South Wales and Queensland have been in decline in each of these months, while South Australia has had strong trend growth over the last twelve months. Victoria had no trend growth in April 2003 and moderate trend growth in May 2003 after a period of being in decline.





OTHER RETAILING

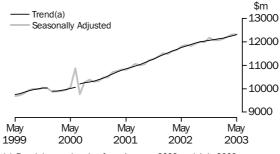
Trend growth has been strong over the last four months after twelve months of being mostly moderate. Queensland has had strong trend growth over the last ten months, while New South Wales had strong trend growth over the last three months. South Australia and Western Australia have had strong trend growth over the last four months after periods of being in decline. The Australian Capital Territory has been in decline for eight months.



(a) Break in trend series from January 2000 and July 2000

TOTAL RETAIL (EXCLUDING HOSPITALITY AND SERVICES)

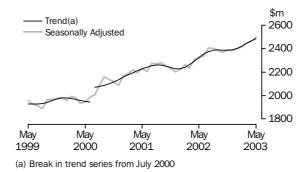
The rate of trend growth for Total retail (excluding Hospitality and services) and Total industries (including Hospitality and services) has been similar for at least the last seven months.



(a) Break in trend series from January 2000 and July 2000

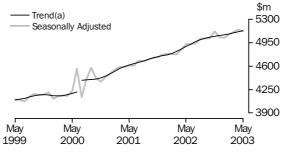
HOSPITALITY AND SERVICES

There has been strong trend growth over the last four months. In May 2003 trend growth was strong in Queensland, Tasmania and the Australian Capital Territory, but the trend was in decline in Western Australia.



NEW SOUTH WALES

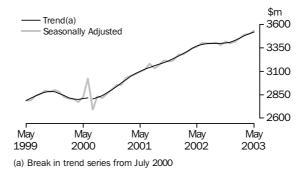
Trend growth was weak in May 2003 and has been weak for most of the last eight months. Other retailing was the only industry showing strong trend growth in the last three months. Department stores was flat or in decline over this period, while Food retailing had weak trend growth. Clothing and soft good retailing and Recreational good retailing have been in decline for five and ten months, respectively.



⁽a) Break in trend series from July 2000

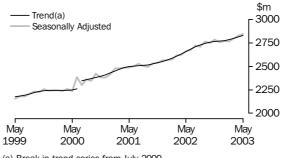
VICTORIA

Trend growth has been moderate in each of the last five months. Trend growth for Food retailing has been strong for the last three months, as has Clothing and soft good retailing. In May 2003, Department stores was in decline after two months of weak trend growth.



QUEENSLAND

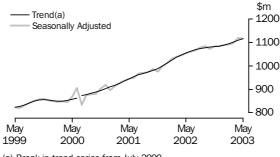
Trend growth has been moderate for four months. Hospitality and services and Other retailing have shown strong trend growth in each of the last five months, while Household good retailing and Recreational good retailing have been in decline for at least this period.



⁽a) Break in trend series from July 2000

SOUTH AUSTRALIA

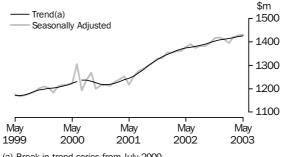
There has been moderate trend growth over the last five months. There has been strong trend growth in Recreational good retailing since June 2002 and in Other retailing over the last four months. Food retailing had moderate trend growth in each of the last four months, while Department stores had weak trend growth in this period.

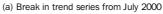


⁽a) Break in trend series from July 2000

WESTERN AUSTRALIA

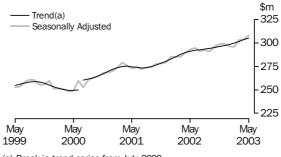
Trend growth has been weak for the last five months. Household good retailing has had strong trend growth since October 2002. The trend growth rate for Food retailing and Department stores has been decreasing since September 2002, with Department stores being in decline in the last four months. The trend for Clothing and soft good retailing and Hospitality and services have been in decline for at least the last six months.





TASMANIA

The trend growth has been weak to moderate over the last twelve months. Over the last three months, Household good retailing and Hospitality and services have had strong trend growth, Food retailing had moderate growth and Recreational good retailing was flat or in decline.







RETAIL TURNOVER, By Industry Group(a)

			Clothing	Heusebold	Descriptional		Lloopitolity	
	Food	Department	and soft good	Household good	Recreational good	Other	Hospitality and	
Month	retailing	stores	retailing	retailing	retailing	retailing	services	Total
		• • • • • • • • • • •		••••••••	• • • • • • • • • • •			• • • • • • • • •
			ORIGI	NAL (\$ mi	llion)			
2002	E 704 4	1 001 0	001.0	4 777 0	500.0	4 007 4	0.005.0	10 550 0
March	5 761.1	1 021.8	831.6	1 777.3	589.2	1 307.4	2 265.6	13 553.9
April May	5 408.1 5 693.4	1 053.6 1 164.1	890.9 963.1	1 816.0 1 937.4	560.8 579.8	1 311.7 1 410.2	2 231.8 2 283.0	13 273.0 14 031.0
June	5 356.5	1 120.7	963.1 869.7	1 964.6	546.8	1 285.7	2 203.0	14 031.0 13 354.3
July	5 636.6	1 053.4	868.3	1 947.2	591.4	1 352.1	2 381.3	13 830.3
August	5 793.5	1 042.8	862.7	1 965.3	641.3	1 399.0	2 440.4	14 144.9
September	5 557.1	1 038.1	887.0	1 915.7	585.9	1 389.6	2 353.0	13 726.4
October	5 963.7	1 187.7	952.7	2 047.6	579.8	1 474.2	2 390.8	14 596.4
November	5 965.8	1 470.3	1 003.9	2 128.8	616.9	1 567.7	2 438.4	15 191.8
December	6 580.9	2 302.3	1 357.9	2 574.0	883.0	2 103.9	2 711.4	18 513.5
2003								
January	6 094.9	1 079.3	910.0	1 977.4	593.5	1 379.5	2 459.2	14 493.9
February	5 449.8	882.1	732.7	1 747.0	526.2	1 298.6	2 206.4	12 842.8
March	5 926.7	1 071.2	876.0	1 898.1	554.2	1 383.3	2 444.6	14 154.1
April	5 852.2	1 197.7	943.7	1 830.4	538.4	1 427.1	2 382.7	14 172.2
May	6 018.9	1 211.1	973.5	1 977.3	555.8	1 522.3	2 453.3	14 712.2
		SFA	SONALLY	ADIUSTE) (\$ million			
		JLA	SUNALLI	ADJUSTEL	ν (φ mmnon)		
2002								
March	5 609.5	1 157.3	910.3	1 883.8	612.6	1 419.4	2 230.0	13 822.9
April	5 623.3	1 158.3	911.9	1 961.6	603.3	1 398.1	2 309.9	13 966.3
May	5 689.6	1 194.5	919.7	1 987.0	603.5	1 417.1	2 322.9	14 134.3
June	5 665.0	1 258.0	908.0	2 031.6	608.7	1 405.5	2 339.2	14 215.9
July	5 812.5	1 108.7	890.8	1 984.7	615.5	1 409.9	2 405.8	14 227.9
August	5 762.0	1 164.1	932.0	1 982.4	652.7	1 429.3	2 402.8	14 325.5
September	5 813.6	1 202.6	946.6	1 983.9	613.8	1 445.6	2 388.1	14 394.2
October	5 811.2	1 204.7	938.5	2 003.3	591.3	1 443.5	2 367.9	14 360.4
November	5 887.2	1 262.8	950.7	2 019.8	589.7	1 476.6	2 391.5	14 578.3
December 2003	5 829.4	1 213.2	944.5	2 001.0	613.9	1 457.1	2 383.9	14 443.0
January	5 855.3	1 240.9	927.5	1 971.9	594.0	1 474.9	2 399.0	14 463.4
February	5 855.5 5 897.9	1 243.8	938.5	1 967.6	585.7	1 489.4	2 399.0	14 539.1
March	5 943.4	1 240.7	957.3	1 997.0	579.3	1 497.3	2 446.4	14 681.5
April	5 951.2	1 276.4	977.2	2 008.1	581.7	1 526.7	2 468.4	14 789.8
May	6 025.2	1 204.1	919.7	2 000.1	579.7	1 548.5	2 502.1	14 823.5
						101010		1.02010
		Т	REND EST	TIMATES (\$ million)			
2002								
March	5 609.7	1 165.8	917.1	1 919.1	598.4	1 398.0	2 262.6	13 875.4
April	5 641.3	1 170.1	914.9	1 947.0	605.7	1 403.1	2 293.5	13 981.4
May	5 675.2	1 173.6	912.1	1 971.7	612.6	1 407.7	2 326.0	14 083.8
June	5 712.0	1 177.3	911.8	1 989.4	617.4	1 413.0	2 354.7	14 177.5
July	5 749.5	1 182.5	916.4	1 999.2	619.5	1 419.9	2 375.6	14 260.8
August	5 783.0	1 190.0	924.7	2 002.2	618.7	1 428.3	2 387.2	14 329.5
September	5 808.4	1 199.8	933.1	2 000.1	615.5	1 438.7	2 389.9	14 379.8
October	5 827.1	1 210.9	938.7	1 997.3	609.9	1 449.3	2 387.6	14 416.1
November	5 841.0	1 224.1	942.4	1 994.2	602.9	1 458.6	2 386.3	14 447.5
December	5 855.9	1 236.2	944.0	1 991.4	596.5	1 467.8	2 390.8	14 483.2
2003								
January	5 876.3	1 243.8	944.5	1 989.9	591.9	1 478.2	2 404.1	14 529.2
February	5 902.1	1 247.2	945.8	1 991.1	588.7	1 490.9	2 423.3	14 588.8
March	5 931.6	1 248.2	947.3	1 996.7	585.0	1 505.5	2 444.3	14 658.5
April	5 963.1	1 247.2	948.0	2 005.1	581.3	1 521.1	2 466.1	14 732.4
May	5 992.5	1 242.7	947.2	2 014.6	577.3	1 535.6	2 487.0	14 797.7
		•••••	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •				••••

	Food	Depertment	Clothing and soft	Household	Recreational	Othor	Hospitality	
Month	Food retailing	Department stores	good retailing	good retailing	good retailing	Other retailing	and services	Tota
		ORIGINAL	(% chang	ge from p	receding m			
2002								
March	11.9	23.9	13.9	8.1	11.0	8.7	9.7	11
April	-6.1	3.1	7.1	2.2	-4.8	0.3	-1.5	-2
May	5.3	10.5	8.1	6.7	3.4	7.5	2.3	5
June	-5.9	-3.7	-9.7	1.4	-5.7	-8.8	-3.2	-4
July	5.2	-6.0	-0.2	-0.9	8.2	5.2	7.7	3
August	2.8	-1.0	-0.6	0.9	8.4	3.5	2.5	2
September	-4.1	-0.4	2.8	-2.5	-8.6	-0.7	-3.6	-3
October	7.3	-0.4 14.4	7.4	6.9	-8.0	6.1	-5.0	-5
November	0.0	23.8	5.4	4.0	6.4	6.3	2.0	4
December	10.3	23.8 56.6	35.3	20.9	43.1	34.2	11.2	21
2003	10.5	50.0	55.5	20.9	43.1	34.2	11.2	21
January	-7.4	-53.1	-33.0	-23.2	-32.8	-34.4	-9.3	-21
February	-10.6	-18.3	-33.0 -19.5	-23.2	-32.8	-5.9	-10.3	-21.
March	8.8	-18.3	-19.5 19.6	-11.7 8.6	-11.3	-5.9 6.5	10.8	-11. 10.
April	8.8 –1.3	21.4 11.8	19.6	8.6 -3.6	5.3 –2.9	6.5 3.2		0
May	-1.3	1.1	3.2	-3.0 8.0	3.2	5.2 6.7	3.0	3
Widy	2.0	1.1	0.2	0.0	5.2	0.7	5.0	5
• • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	•••••	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • •
	SEASO	NALLY ADJ	USTED (9	% change	from prece	eding mon	th)	
2002								
March	0.6	-0.5	-2.4	1.9	3.5	2.9	-1.5	0
	0.8	_0.5 0.1	-2.4	1.9 4.1	-1.5	2.9 -1.5	-1.5 3.6	1
April		0.1 3.1						
May	1.2		0.9	1.3	0.0	1.4	0.6	1
June	-0.4	5.3	-1.3	2.2	0.9	-0.8	0.7	0
July	2.6	-11.9	-1.9	-2.3	1.1	0.3	2.8	0.
August	-0.9	5.0	4.6	-0.1	6.0	1.4	-0.1	0.
September	0.9	3.3	1.6	0.1	-6.0	1.1	-0.6	0.
October	0.0	0.2	-0.9	1.0	-3.7	-0.1	-0.8	-0.
November	1.3	4.8	1.3	0.8	-0.3	2.3	1.0	1.
December	-1.0	-3.9	-0.7	-0.9	4.1	-1.3	-0.3	-0.
2003								
January	0.4	2.3	-1.8	-1.5	-3.2	1.2	0.6	0.
February	0.7	0.2	1.2	-0.2	-1.4	1.0	0.7	0.
March	0.8	1.4	2.0	1.5	-1.1	0.5	1.2	1.
April	0.1	1.2	2.1	0.6	0.4	2.0	0.9	0.
May	1.2	-5.7	-5.9	1.8	-0.4	1.4	1.4	0.
	TRE	ND ESTIMA	TES (% c	hange fro	om precedi	ng month)	
~~~~			- (/		,	5	-	
2002			_ <i>,</i>					_
March	0.5	0.3	0.1	1.4	1.4	0.4	1.0	0.
April	0.6	0.4	-0.2	1.5	1.2	0.4	1.4	0.
May	0.6	0.3	-0.3	1.3	1.1	0.3	1.4	0
June	0.6	0.3	0.0	0.9	0.8	0.4	1.2	0
July	0.7	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.3	0.5	0.9	0
-	0.6	0.6	0.9	0.1	-0.1	0.6	0.5	0
August		0.8	0.9	-0.1	-0.5	0.7	0.1	0
August September	0.4			-0.1	-0.9	0.7	-0.1	0
August September October	0.3	0.9	0.6			0.6	-0.1	0
August September			0.6 0.4	-0.2	-1.1	0.0	-0.1	
August September October	0.3	0.9			-1.1 -1.1	0.6	-0.1	0
August September October November	0.3 0.2	0.9 1.1	0.4	-0.2				0
August September October November December	0.3 0.2	0.9 1.1	0.4	-0.2				0.
August September October November December 2003	0.3 0.2 0.3	0.9 1.1 1.0	0.4 0.2	-0.2 -0.1	-1.1	0.6	0.2	
August September October November December <b>2003</b> January	0.3 0.2 0.3	0.9 1.1 1.0 0.6	0.4 0.2 0.0	-0.2 -0.1 -0.1	-1.1 -0.8	0.6 0.7	0.2 0.6	0
August September October November December <b>2003</b> January February	0.3 0.2 0.3 0.3 0.4	0.9 1.1 1.0 0.6 0.3	0.4 0.2 0.0 0.1	-0.2 -0.1 -0.1 0.1	-1.1 -0.8 -0.5	0.6 0.7 0.9	0.2 0.6 0.8	0 0

# RETAIL TURNOVER, By Sub-Group(a): Original

							G & SOFT	GOOD				
	FOOD RE	IAILING				RETAILIN	G	•••••	HOUSEHO	OLD GOOD F	RETAILING	
Month	Super- markets & grocery stores	Take- away food retailing	Other food retailing	Total	Depart- ment stores	Clothing retailing	Foot- wear, fabric & other soft good retailing	Total	Furniture & floor covering retailing	Domestic hardware & house- ware retailing	Domestic appliance & recorded music retailing	Total
					\$	MILLION	l					
2002												
May	4 157.1	574.6	961.8	5 693.4	1 164.1	666.2	296.9	963.1	436.2	530.8	970.3	1 937.4
June	3 895.5	558.5	902.4	5 356.5	1 120.7	601.2	268.5	869.7	450.9	512.9	1 000.8	1 964.6
July	4 069.5	592.3	974.7	5 636.6	1 053.4	594.8	273.5	868.3	469.4	528.2	949.6	1 947.2
August	4 241.6	577.6	974.2	5 793.5	1 042.8	600.9	261.8	862.7	457.9	566.6	940.8	1 965.3
September	4 006.6	573.3	977.2	5 557.1	1 038.1	616.1	270.9	887.0	447.2	590.5	878.0	1 915.7
October	4 338.3	609.2	1 016.1	5 963.7	1 187.7	667.3	285.4	952.7	486.3	635.8	925.5	2 047.6
November	4 335.0	595.2	1 035.7	5 965.8	1 470.3	713.6	290.3	1 003.9	496.7	667.6	964.5	2 128.8
December	4 652.8	642.2	1 285.8	6 580.9	2 302.3	997.0	360.9	1 357.9	502.3	737.4	1 334.2	2 574.0
2003 January	4 469.4	629.1	996.4	6 094.9	1 079.3	629.0	281.0	910.0	458.8	600.0	918.6	1 977.4
February	4 469.4 4 025.1	629.1 528.1	996.4 896.5	6 094.9 5 449.8	882.1	629.0 514.9	281.0 217.8	910.0 732.7	458.8 416.2	534.0	918.6 796.8	1 747.0
March	4 380.8	583.3	962.6	5 449.8 5 926.7	1 071.2	624.2	251.8	876.0	410.2	597.6	843.1	1 898.1
April	4 275.0	617.6	959.7	5 852.2	1 197.7	679.5	264.2	943.7	467.9	569.8	792.7	1 830.4
May	4 431.3	633.6	954.0	6 018.9	1 211.1	697.9	275.6	973.5	499.8	585.9	891.6	1 977.3
	• • • • • • •		• • • • • • •	•••••••					• • • • • • • •	•••••		
				% CHAN	IGE FROI	VI PREC	EDING	NUNTH				
2002												
May	6.4	-0.1	4.0	5.3	10.5	7.5	9.5	8.1	0.8	-2.6	15.8	6.7
June	-6.3	-2.8	-6.2	-5.9	-3.7	-9.8	-9.6	-9.7	3.4	-3.4	3.1	1.4
July	4.5	6.0	8.0	5.2	-6.0	-1.1	1.9	-0.2	4.1	3.0	-5.1	-0.9
August	4.2	-2.5	-0.1	2.8	-1.0	1.0	-4.3	-0.6	-2.5	7.3	-0.9	0.9
September October	-5.5	-0.7	0.3	-4.1	-0.4	2.5	3.5	2.8	-2.3	4.2	-6.7	-2.5
November	8.3 -0.1	6.3 –2.3	4.0 1.9	7.3 0.0	14.4 23.8	8.3 6.9	5.4 1.7	7.4 5.4	8.7 2.1	7.7 5.0	5.4 4.2	6.9 4.0
December	-0.1 7.3	-2.3 7.9	24.2	10.3	23.8 56.6	39.7	24.3	35.3	2.1	5.0 10.4	4.2 38.3	4.0 20.9
2003	1.5	1.5	24.2	10.5	50.0	55.1	24.0	55.5	1.1	10.4	50.5	20.3
January	-3.9	-2.0	-22.5	-7.4	-53.1	-36.9	-22.1	-33.0	-8.7	-18.6	-31.2	-23.2
February	-9.9	-16.0	-10.0	-10.6	-18.3	-18.1	-22.5	-19.5	-9.3	-11.0	-13.3	-11.7
March	8.8	10.4	7.4	8.8	21.4	21.2	15.6	19.6	9.9	11.9	5.8	8.6
April	-2.4	5.9	-0.3	-1.3	11.8	8.9	4.9	7.7	2.3	-4.6	-6.0	-3.6
May	3.7	2.6	-0.6	2.8	1.1	2.7	4.3	3.2	6.8	2.8	12.5	8.0
									VIOUS Y			
2002												
2002 May	7.8	8.4	15.7	9.1	5.9	5.3	16.2	8.5	11.6	12.9	24.6	18.2
June	7.8 4.5	8.4 5.6	15.7 10.9	9.1 5.6	5.9 11.7	5.3 1.7	16.2 10.7	8.5 4.3	5.3	9.1	24.6 19.4	18.2
July	4.5 7.3	5.8 7.9	10.9	9.2	-2.7	6.1	6.3	4.3 6.2	5.3 10.2	9.1 12.0	19.4 13.0	13.1
August	6.4	5.1	15.9	5.2 7.8	10.7	12.0	8.8	11.0	10.2	10.9	11.5	12.0
September	4.1	5.7	16.7	6.3	4.7	9.5	9.7	9.6	15.5	10.5	10.7	12.9
October	7.7	7.5	10.8	8.2	7.0	9.5	1.3	6.9	13.7	6.1	11.9	10.4
	6.3	7.5	8.7	6.8	11.3	12.3	3.7	9.7	13.4	12.2	5.4	9.3
November	5.1	6.9	5.6	5.4	3.0	7.3	1.4	5.7	12.7	5.7	8.3	8.4
November December	J.1											
December	5.1								0.0			4.3
December	7.5	5.0	1.7	6.2	6.7	5.0	-5.2	1.6	3.0	4.5	4.9	4.5
December 2003		5.0 3.6	1.3	6.2 5.8	6.7 7.0	5.0 4.4	-5.2 -8.0	1.6 0.4	3.0 10.3	4.5 4.2	4.9 5.7	
December 2003 January February March	7.5 7.2 4.0	3.6 2.0	1.3 -1.5	5.8 2.9	7.0 4.8	4.4 7.0	-8.0 1.4	0.4 5.3	10.3 13.5	4.2 5.4	5.7 4.4	6.3 6.8
December 2003 January February	7.5 7.2	3.6	1.3	5.8	7.0	4.4	-8.0	0.4	10.3	4.2	5.7	6.3 6.8 0.8 2.1

# RETAIL TURNOVER, By Sub-Group(a): Original continued

	RECREATIC	NAL GOOD									
	RETAILING			OTHER RE	TAILING		HOSPITAL	ITY & SEF	VICES		
	••••••	••••••	•••••	••••••	••••••••••	•••••	••••••	•••••	••••••	•••••	
				Pharma-							
	News-	Other		ceutical,							
	paper,	recre-		cosmetic			Hotels	Cafes			
	book &	ational		&	Other		&	&			
	stationery	goods		toiletry	retailing		licensed	restau-	Selected		Total all
Month	retailing	retailing	Total	retailing	n.e.c.	Total	clubs	rants	services	Total	industries
• • • • • • • • • • •								• • • • • •			
					\$ MILLI	0 N					
2002											
May	385.6	194.2	579.8	621.1	789.1	1 410.2	1 285.6	780.6	216.8	2 283.0	14 031.0
June	356.1	190.7	546.8	576.1	709.6	1 285.7	1 254.1	744.1	212.3	2 210.5	13 354.3
July	395.2	196.3	591.4	634.6	717.5	1 352.1	1 358.8	800.8	221.6	2 381.3	13 830.3
August	433.1	208.2	641.3	628.0	770.9	1 399.0	1 374.5	839.8	226.2	2 440.4	14 144.9
September	386.0	199.8	585.9	611.6	778.1	1 389.6	1 344.4	792.7	215.8	2 353.0	13 726.4
October	371.6	208.2	579.8	610.5	863.7	1 474.2	1 338.9	811.0	240.8	2 390.8	14 596.4
November	370.4	246.5	616.9	617.7	950.0	1 567.7	1 361.9	838.6	237.9	2 438.4	15 191.8
December	483.1	400.0	883.0	736.2	1 367.7	2 103.9	1 505.2	936.3	269.9	2 711.4	18 513.5
2003											
January	380.9	212.5	593.5	598.2	781.3	1 379.5	1 373.1	841.5	244.6	2 459.2	14 493.9
February	352.1	174.1	526.2	557.8	740.8	1 298.6	1 230.2	766.6	209.6	2 206.4	12 842.8
March	366.6	187.6	554.2	609.3	774.0	1 383.3	1 366.0	850.7	227.9	2 444.6	14 154.1
April	338.7	199.7	538.4	632.4	794.7	1 427.1	1 350.1	826.4	206.1	2 382.7	14 172.2
May	362.6	193.2	555.8	677.3	845.0	1 522.3	1 364.9	869.4	219.0	2 453.3	14 712.2
			% СН	ANGE FR		CEDING	молтн				
			70 011			ULDING	MONTH				
2002											
May	4.3	1.6	3.4	7.2	7.8	7.5	1.6	2.5	5.7	2.3	5.7
June	-7.7	-1.8	-5.7	-7.2	-10.1	-8.8	-2.4	-4.7	-2.1	-3.2	-4.8
July	11.0	2.9	8.2	10.1	1.1	5.2	8.3	7.6	4.4	7.7	3.6
August	9.6	6.1	8.4	-1.0	7.4	3.5	1.2	4.9	2.1	2.5	2.3
September	-10.9	-4.0	-8.6	-2.6	0.9	-0.7	-2.2	-5.6	-4.6	-3.6	-3.0
October	-3.7	4.2	-1.0	-0.2	11.0	6.1	-0.4	2.3	11.6	1.6	6.3
November	-0.3	18.4	6.4	1.2	10.0	6.3	1.7	3.4	-1.2	2.0	4.1
December	30.4	62.3	43.1	19.2	44.0	34.2	10.5	11.6	13.4	11.2	21.9
2003											
January	-21.1	-46.9	-32.8	-18.7	-42.9	-34.4	-8.8	-10.1	-9.4	-9.3	-21.7
February	-7.6	-18.1	-11.3	-6.8	-5.2	-5.9	-10.4	-8.9	-14.3	-10.3	-11.4
March	4.1	7.8	5.3	9.2	4.5	6.5	11.0	11.0	8.7	10.8	10.2
April	-7.6	6.4	-2.9	3.8	2.7	3.2	-1.2	-2.9	-9.6	-2.5	0.1
May	7.1	-3.3	3.2	7.1	6.3	6.7	1.1	5.2	6.2	3.0	3.8
• • • • • • • • • • •											
	%	CHANGE	FROM	CORRESE	PONDING	G MONTH	I OF PRE	EVIOUS	YEAR		
2002											
May	16.4	2.7	11.4	8.9	6.7	7.6	10.6	-3.0	19.3	6.3	9.4
June	8.8	-2.7	4.5	6.9 5.3	3.6	4.3	6.2	-3.0 -1.6	19.3 16.1	4.3	9.4 6.7
July	13.8	-2.7	4.5 9.5	9.4	3.0 1.9	4.3 5.3	8.2	-1.0 -1.0	10.1	4.3 5.8	7.4
August	13.8	6.7	9.5 15.3	3.4 3.9	1.9 5.5	4.8	6.8	-1.0 1.0	19.1 21.6	5.9	8.3
September	19.9 19.0	6.7 1.9	15.3 12.6			4.8 6.7					
				8.2	5.5		5.3	1.6	17.0	5.0	7.3
October	6.4	6.3 7.0	6.4	3.1	7.4	5.6	4.8	1.2	25.9	5.3	7.5
November December	3.3	7.0 6.7	4.8	2.8	7.7	5.7 5.7	6.1 6.3	3.8 6.9	20.8	6.6	7.5
2003	11.0	0.7	9.0	4.8	6.2	5.7	0.3	0.9	20.7	7.8	6.1
January	3.4	2.3	3.0	13.9	4.0	8.1	8.8	11.2	17.8	10.5	6.4
February	3.4 –1.5	2.3 0.5	3.0 -0.9	13.9 10.8	4.0 6.0	8.1 8.0	8.8 5.1	8.3	17.8 11.4	10.5 6.8	6.4 5.7
March	-1.5 -4.6	0.5 -8.4	-0.9 -5.9					8.3 9.2			
April	-4.6 -8.4	-8.4 4.5	-5.9 -4.0	12.4 9.1	1.1	5.8 8.8	6.2 6.7	9.2 8.5	14.1 0.5	7.9	4.4
May	-8.4 -6.0	4.5 -0.5	-4.0 -4.1	9.1 9.0	8.5 7.1	8.8 7.9	6.7 6.2	8.5 11.4	0.5 1.0	6.8 7.5	6.8 4.9
iviay	-0.0	-0.5	-4.1	9.0	1.1	1.9	0.2	11.4	1.0	C.1	4.9
• • • • • • • • • • •			• • • • • • •					• • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	



# RETAIL TURNOVER, By State

	New							Australian	
Month	South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Northern Territory	Capital Territory	Australia
• • • • • • • • • • • •		• • • • • • • •		• • • • • • • • •				• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •
			ORIG	INAL (\$ r	nillion)				
2002									
March	4 669.3	3 258.4	2 533.7	1 034.4	1 340.9	289.6	136.7	290.9	13 553.9
April	4 632.9	3 182.9	2 468.7	989.4	1 296.7	277.6	139.0	285.8	13 273.0
May	4 907.7	3 332.6	2 632.5	1 043.3	1 371.3	293.0	150.6	300.0	14 031.0
June	4 614.7	3 195.2	2 542.5	988.1	1 298.2	275.8	151.0	288.7	13 354.3
July	4 807.5 4 938.2	3 303.3	2 660.9	1 031.6 1 067.4	1 307.5	272.2	161.7	285.6 298.4	13 830.3
August September	4 938.2 4 820.0	3 328.4 3 219.2	2 705.4 2 667.5	1 007.4	1 361.2 1 282.2	281.0 269.6	164.9 152.1	298.4 286.6	14 144.9 13 726.4
October	4 820.0 5 082.3	3 407.1	2 813.5	1 029.2	1 442.0	209.0 297.9	152.1	306.9	13 720.4
November	5 298.1	3 582.2	2 882.5	1 151.9	1 490.7	313.1	150.7	322.7	15 191.8
December	6 468.0	4 435.2	3 467.6	1 385.9	1 823.0	387.9	162.7	383.1	18 513.5
2003									
January	5 036.9	3 407.3	2 829.6	1 085.2	1 412.3	299.5	135.2	288.0	14 493.9
February	4 487.8	3 053.1	2 425.3	955.2	1 251.2	270.6	125.3	274.4	12 842.8
March	4 928.0	3 390.8	2 657.3	1 061.8	1 372.9	296.8	139.9	306.6	14 154.1
April	4 936.9	3 346.2	2 698.8	1 075.3	1 371.8	298.6	140.9	303.7	14 172.2
May	5 092.5	3 486.0	2 814.6	1 108.5	1 434.6	307.4	152.8	315.8	14 712.2
• • • • • • • • • • • •									• • • • • • • •
		SI	EASONALLY	Y ADJUST	ED (\$ mi	llion)			
2002									
March	4 776.6	3 308.1	2 615.0	1 038.2	1 359.7	285.3	144.7	295.3	13 822.9
April	4 853.8	3 347.6	2 624.6	1 044.3	1 360.7	289.5	148.1	297.7	13 966.3
May	4 928.1	3 363.3	2 666.4	1 055.1	1 379.4	293.3	148.9	299.8	14 134.3
June	4 936.3	3 404.2	2 676.9	1 060.5	1 390.6	294.8	149.5	303.0	14 215.9
July	4 940.2	3 399.2	2 720.1	1 066.3	1 373.3	291.6	150.3	286.9	14 227.9
August	5 010.2	3 398.1	2 711.0	1 079.1	1 382.3	292.4	149.0	303.3	14 325.5
September	5 013.4	3 405.2	2 765.1	1 083.9	1 381.8	291.2	150.2	303.4	14 394.2
October	5 017.9	3 378.3	2 752.1	1 072.3	1 393.3	296.2	147.1	303.3	14 360.4
November	5 119.8	3 417.4	2 786.1	1 084.2	1 416.5	299.0	148.0	307.5	14 578.3
December 2003	5 036.2	3 397.6	2 760.2	1 083.3	1 419.5	299.1	147.8	299.2	14 443.0
January	5 022.4	3 420.4	2 771.6	1 088.1	1 411.3	296.5	149.1	303.9	14 463.4
February	5 022.4 5 074.9	3 420.4 3 455.0	2 765.1	1 091.9	1 395.0	290.3 296.0	149.1	303.9	14 403.4
March	5 112.4	3 491.0	2 793.3	1 096.8	1 420.2	303.3	150.5	314.0	14 681.5
April	5 147.7	3 500.5	2 827.4	1 119.4	1 428.2	304.0	148.8	313.8	14 789.8
May	5 123.2	3 534.0	2 846.4	1 116.6	1 431.0	308.3	150.7	313.2	14 823.5
2									
•••••			TREND ES	STIMATES	(\$ milli	on)			••••
2002									
March	4 819.4	3 315.9	2 609.6	1 036.5	1 362.9	287.7	146.0	297.2	13 875.4
April	4 853.7	3 344.2	2 632.8	1 046.7	1 369.2	289.8	147.3	297.7	13 981.4
May	4 890.8	3 368.4	2 657.8	1 055.3	1 373.9	291.3	148.5	297.7	14 083.8
June	4 929.0	3 385.8	2 683.5	1 062.5	1 377.2	292.2	149.4	298.0	14 177.5
July	4 966.0	3 396.2	2 708.2	1 068.8	1 380.4	292.8	149.6	298.8	14 260.8
August	4 997.3	3 399.9	2 730.1	1 073.9	1 385.3	293.5	149.4	300.0	14 329.5
September	5 020.4	3 398.7	2 747.4	1 077.8	1 391.2	294.3	148.9	301.1	14 379.8
October	5 036.1	3 397.9	2 758.7	1 080.0	1 397.5	295.2	148.5	302.3	14 416.1
November	5 047.9 5 057 5	3 401.5	2 764.8	1 081.8	1 403.5 1 408 5	296.2	148.3	303.6	14 447.5
December 2003	5 057.5	3 412.9	2 769.0	1 084.5	1 408.5	297.3	148.4	305.2	14 483.2
January	5 067.7	3 431.9	2 774.9	1 088.9	1 411.8	298.5	148.8	306.8	14 529.2
February	5 081.8	3 454.9	2 784.7	1 095.1	1 414.6	300.0	149.3	308.9	14 588.8
March	5 098.8	3 478.8	2 798.4	1 102.1	1 418.0	301.7	149.7	311.2	14 658.5
April	5 116.7	3 501.3	2 814.3	1 109.4	1 422.0	303.6	150.1	313.3	14 732.4
May	5 130.4	3 519.5	2 829.6	1 115.9	1 425.5	305.3	150.4	315.1	14 797.7



# RETAIL TURNOVER PERCENTAGE CHANGE, By State

	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Northern Territory	Australian Capital Territory	Australia
Month	Wales	victoria	-				-	Territory	Australia
		ORIG	INAL (% c	hange fro					
		onna			in proced		,		
2002 March	10.5	12.5	12.0	14.6	10.2	11.1	13.6	11.0	11.6
April	-0.8	-2.3	-2.6	-4.3	-3.3	-4.1	1.6	-1.7	-2.1
May	5.9	4.7	6.6	5.5	5.8	5.5	8.3	5.0	5.7
June	-6.0	-4.1	-3.4	-5.3	-5.3	-5.9	0.3	-3.8	-4.8
July	4.2	3.4	4.7	4.4	0.7	-1.3	7.1	-1.1	3.6
August	2.7	0.8	1.7	3.5	4.1	3.2	2.0	4.5	2.3
September	-2.4	-3.3	-1.4	-3.6	-5.8	-4.1	-7.8	-4.0	-3.0
October	5.4	5.8	5.5	6.2	12.5	10.5	0.7	7.1	6.3
November	4.2	5.1	2.5	5.3	3.4	5.1	-1.6	5.1	4.1
December	22.1	23.8	20.3	20.3	22.3	23.9	8.0	18.7	21.9
2003	00.1	22.2	10.4	01.7	00 F	22.8	16.0	04.9	01 7
January February	-22.1 -10.9	-23.2 -10.4	-18.4 -14.3	-21.7 -12.0	-22.5 -11.4	-22.8 -9.6	-16.9 -7.3	-24.8 -4.7	-21.7 -11.4
March	-10.9 9.8	-10.4 11.1	-14.3 9.6	-12.0	-11.4 9.7	-9.0 9.7	-7.3 11.6	-4.7 11.7	-11.4
April	0.2	-1.3	1.6	1.3	-0.1	0.6	0.7	-0.9	0.1
May	3.2	4.2	4.3	3.1	4.6	2.9	8.5	4.0	3.8
			ADJUSTE						
	02/11					procouring	6		
2002	0.0	0.0		0.5	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.5
March April	0.0 1.6	0.8 1.2	1.4 0.4	0.5 0.6	0.3 0.1	0.1 1.5	0.6 2.3	–0.8 0.8	0.5 1.0
May	1.5	0.5	0.4 1.6	1.0	1.4	1.5	2.3 0.5	0.8	1.0
June	0.2	1.2	0.4	0.5	0.8	0.5	0.3	1.1	0.6
July	0.1	-0.1	1.6	0.5	-1.2	-1.1	0.5	-5.3	0.1
August	1.4	0.0	-0.3	1.2	0.7	0.3	-0.9	5.7	0.7
September	0.1	0.2	2.0	0.4	0.0	-0.4	0.8	0.0	0.5
October	0.1	-0.8	-0.5	-1.1	0.8	1.7	-2.1	0.0	-0.2
November	2.0	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.7	0.9	0.6	1.4	1.5
December	-1.6	-0.6	-0.9	-0.1	0.2	0.1	-0.2	-2.7	-0.9
2003	0.0	0.7	0.4	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.4
January February	-0.3 1.0	0.7 1.0	0.4 -0.2	0.4 0.3	-0.6 -1.2	-0.9 -0.2	0.9 0.4	1.6 2.5	0.1 0.5
March	0.7	1.0	-0.2	0.5	-1.2	-0.2	0.4	0.9	1.0
April	0.7	0.3	1.2	2.1	0.6	0.2	-1.1	-0.1	0.7
May	-0.5	1.0	0.7	-0.2	0.2	1.4	1.3	-0.2	0.2
	TI	REND ES	TIMATES						
				()	P.		,		
2002 March	0.6	0.9	0.8	1.1	0.6	0.8	0.8	0.3	0.7
April	0.6	0.9	0.8 0.9	1.1 1.0	0.6 0.5	0.8 0.7	0.8 0.9	0.3 0.1	0.7
May	0.7	0.9	0.9 1.0	1.0 0.8	0.5	0.7	0.9	0.1	0.8
June	0.8	0.5	1.0	0.0	0.2	0.3	0.5	0.0	0.7
July	0.8	0.3	0.9	0.6	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.6
August	0.6	0.1	0.8	0.5	0.4	0.2	-0.1	0.4	0.5
September	0.5	0.0	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.3	-0.3	0.4	0.4
October	0.3	0.0	0.4	0.2	0.5	0.3	-0.3	0.4	0.3
November	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.3	-0.1	0.5	0.2
December	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.4	0.1	0.5	0.2
2003	0.0	~ ~	~ ~	0.4	~ ~	0.4	~ ~ ~	~ -	
January February	0.2	0.6	0.2 0.4	0.4	0.2 0.2	0.4	0.3	0.5	0.3
February March	0.3 0.3	0.7 0.7	0.4 0.5	0.6 0.6	0.2	0.5 0.6	0.3 0.3	0.7 0.7	0.4 0.5
April	0.3	0.7	0.5	0.8	0.2	0.6	0.3	0.7	0.5
	0.3	0.0	0.5	0.6	0.3	0.6	0.3	0.6	0.3
May	0.3								

			Clothing					
	Food	Donortmont	and soft	Household	Recreational	Othor	Hospitality	
Month	Food retailing	Department stores	good retailing	good retailing	good retailing	Other retailing	and services	Total
	C		U	Ũ	C	0		
•••••			ORIGIN	IAL (\$ mi	llion)			
0000			onnann	μ	inton)			
2002 March	1 893.5	350.5	304.5	517.1	207.0	456.3	940.4	4 669.3
April	1 893.5 1 795.4	350.5 364.4	304.5 303.1	517.1 545.7	207.0 197.3	456.3 466.1	940.4 960.8	4 669.3 4 632.9
May	1 868.8	420.1	339.3	587.1	200.0	400.1	993.0	4 032.9
June	1 767.6	381.1	290.5	585.4	188.3	499.5	954.4	4 614.7
July	1 862.0	361.2	290.5	626.1	202.9	447.4	982.0	4 807.5
August	1 908.7	367.2	291.0	630.7	202.5	499.8	1 015.7	4 938.2
September	1 849.5	364.5	304.0	611.7	197.2	504.2	989.1	4 820.0
October	1 980.8	417.2	329.1	647.2	186.6	513.6	1 007.8	5 082.3
November	1 971.9	507.9	345.1	685.1	210.8	513.0 564.0	1 013.3	5 298.1
December	2 196.9	801.2	483.1	830.0	283.5	758.4	1 114.8	6 468.0
2003	2 100.0	001.2	400.1	000.0	200.0	100.4	1114.0	0 400.0
January	2 022.5	369.8	319.4	629.2	189.5	472.8	1 033.7	5 036.9
February	1 807.1	301.2	251.4	559.4	176.2	461.6	930.9	4 487.8
March	1 964.5	365.2	297.4	606.4	193.4	477.1	1 024.1	4 928.0
April	1 925.8	417.9	319.6	587.4	181.3	502.6	1 002.4	4 936.9
May	1 965.3	415.3	327.9	637.8	184.9	537.1	1 024.0	5 092.5
ividy	1 303.5	410.0	521.5	001.0	104.0	551.1	1 024.0	0 002.0
• • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••••		• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •			• • • • • • • •
		SEAS	ONALLY	ADJUSTED	) (\$ million	)		
2002								
March	1 856.3	405.0	323.8	545.0	208.5	503.2	934.8	4 776.6
April	1 856.0	403.0	323.8 314.6	545.0 599.7	208.5	489.8	986.4	4 853.8
	1 885.7	403.0	314.0	595.9	204.3	409.0 495.4	1 000.0	4 855.8 4 928.1
May June	1 865.3	419.5	322.5 312.9	595.9 598.4	209.1	495.4 498.9	1 008.8	4 928.1 4 936.3
	1 865.3 1 925.7	379.0	312.9 312.5	598.4 632.9	209.4 205.1	498.9 500.6	984.4	4 936.3 4 940.2
July August	1 923.7	407.3	312.5	634.2	203.1	500.8 519.4	1 002.8	4 940.2 5 010.2
0		407.3	321.2	636.8	202.3	519.4 519.0	994.8	5 010.2
September	1 920.9	418.7 420.6	320.9 323.5		202.3 196.2		994.8 1 001.5	
October November	1 924.8	420.8	323.5 331.3	639.2 655.2	204.9	512.1 531.0	1 001.5	5 017.9
December	1 949.8							5 119.8
2003	1 934.6	415.4	323.2	639.2	202.8	515.7	1 005.3	5 036.2
January	1 948.6	424.8	323.0	626.7	195.0	502.3	1 001.9	5 022.4
February	1 940.0 1 955.0	427.0	320.3	634.0	195.0	502.5 525.6	1 018.1	5 022.4 5 074.9
March	1 973.1	436.3	328.9	645.1	194.8	523.1	1 015.4	5 112.4
April	1 959.9	454.4	324.6	645.8	190.5	533.5	1 035.2	5 147.7
May	1 976.0	402.1	314.7	658.6	194.5	544.2	1 033.3	5 123.2
Widy	1 57 0.0	402.1	514.1	000.0	104.4	544.2	1 000.0	5 125.2
•••••	•••••	• • • • • • • • • • •	•••••	• • • • • • • • •	•••••	• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • •	•••••
		TR	END EST	IMATES (	\$ million)			
2002								
March	1 861.4	408.9	328.8	564.6	204.2	491.4	960.2	4 819.4
April	1 867.6	408.9	324.3	577.9	204.2	493.2	973.1	4 853.7
May	1 875.8	409.9	319.2	593.3	208.8	496.3	985.7	4 890.8
June	1 886.6	410.5	316.0	609.1	209.8	500.9	995.0	4 929.0
July	1 899.1	412.0	316.0	623.3	209.7	506.6	999.5	4 966.0
August	1 911.4	414.5	318.6	633.5	208.6	512.0	1 000.3	4 997.3
September	1 921.3	417.7	321.4	639.3	206.8	516.0	999.8	5 020.4
October	1 929.6	420.6	323.5	641.8	200.0	518.0	999.7	5 036.1
November	1 936.9	424.2	325.0	641.6	204.5	517.8	1 001.6	5 047.9
December	1 943.5	427.6	325.4	639.5	198.9	517.3	1 005.1	5 057.5
2003	_ 0.0.0		02011	200.0	200.0	01.10		2 001.0
January	1 950.2	429.6	324.9	638.5	196.8	518.1	1 009.5	5 067.7
February	1 956.6	430.5	324.0	639.5	195.4	521.2	1 014.9	5 081.8
March	1 962.5	430.7	323.0	642.0	194.0	525.8	1 020.8	5 098.8
April	1 967.8	429.9	321.8	645.5	193.0	531.0	1 026.6	5 116.7
May	1 971.6	427.7	320.4	648.9	192.0	535.4	1 031.6	5 130.4
		• • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •			

(a) See paragraph 5 of the Explanatory Notes.



			Clothing					
			and soft	Household	Recreational		Hospitality	
	Food	Department	good	good	good	Other	and	
Month	retailing	stores	retailing	retailing	retailing	retailing	services	Total
• • • • • • • • • • • • • •						• • • • • • • • •		
			ORIGIN	AL (\$ mil	lion)			
2002								
March	1 406.9	261.2	213.3	484.9	135.0	288.8	468.4	3 258.4
April	1 310.9	273.3	250.3	495.2	126.4	296.0	430.9	3 182.9
May	1 384.8	287.1	257.9	512.4	138.7	322.2	429.6	3 332.6
June	1 301.6	295.2	233.0	534.3	126.7	284.3	420.0	3 195.2
July	1 377.2	261.0	233.4	502.4	145.1	304.7	479.5	3 303.3
August	1 412.8	246.4	230.6	496.2	154.6	319.8	468.1	3 328.4
September	1 365.1	247.3	236.2	478.3	138.1	318.1	436.0	3 219.2
October	1 460.6	285.3	252.2	514.0	141.3	334.5	419.2	3 407.1
November	1 483.9	364.2	265.6	536.2	147.2	350.6	434.4	3 582.2
December	1 625.2	580.8	341.3	674.6	230.2	483.2	500.0	4 435.2
2003	4 500 0	004 7	000.0	500.0	120.0	240.0	470 7	2 407 2
January	1 506.9	264.7 219.5	209.2 190.8	502.8	139.0	310.9	473.7	3 407.3
February March	1 355.4 1 465.0	219.5 272.5	190.8 240.0	446.1 486.3	120.9 124.5	306.1 333.6	414.2 469.0	3 053.1 3 390.8
April	1 405.0	272.5	240.0 257.7	480.3	124.5	306.9	469.0	3 390.8 3 346.2
May	1 440.5	304.8	263.5	473.0 512.7	130.6	300.9	456.0	3 486.0
ividy	1 401.0	004.0	200.0	512.1	100.0	331.0	400.0	0.00.0
• • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • •		•••••		•••••	•••••	••••
		SEAS	ONALLY A	ADJUSTED	(\$ million	)		
2002								
March	1 373.4	289.8	228.5	515.7	145.7	309.1	446.0	3 308.1
April	1 377.4	294.6	239.0	534.1	140.4	316.9	445.2	3 347.6
May	1 392.6	299.8	245.7	522.5	146.3	326.0	430.5	3 363.3
June	1 390.3	319.0	240.2	549.3	140.2	316.3	448.9	3 404.2
July	1 407.2	276.0	243.2	519.8	152.4	321.7	478.9	3 399.2
August	1 404.8	285.4	255.3	512.0	159.5	324.4	456.7	3 398.1
September	1 430.8	289.0	258.0	504.8	145.6	328.7	448.3	3 405.2
October	1 438.6	293.7	251.0	506.0	147.6	322.0	419.3	3 378.3
November	1 442.8	320.9	249.4	501.5	139.7	330.2	432.8	3 417.4
December	1 427.5	298.4	238.4	514.4	147.5	325.8	445.7	3 397.6
2003								
January	1 438.9	307.7	224.4	500.9	133.0	348.7	466.8	3 420.4
February	1 460.7	309.0	242.7	501.1	139.8	352.0	449.8	3 455.0
March	1 461.2	312.7	247.7	522.3	136.3	352.6	458.2	3 491.0
April May	1 493.1 1 500.9	311.5 308.7	252.2 253.6	508.8 526.1	143.5 139.1	335.7 340.9	455.8 464.7	3 500.5 3 534.0
iviay	1 000.9	306.7	255.0	520.1	139.1	340.9	404.7	5 554.0
• • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •			• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •
		TR	END ESTI	MATES (\$	\$ million)			
2002								
March	1 369.7	291.8	232.5	517.3	140.5	316.6	446.3	3 315.9
April	1 378.6	294.3	236.7	524.7	143.2	317.9	447.3	3 344.2
May	1 387.0	295.1	240.9	529.2	145.9	319.1	450.0	3 368.4
June	1 396.0	294.6	245.1	528.6	148.0	320.6	452.4	3 385.8
July	1 405.7	293.7	249.2	524.0	149.5	322.0	452.4	3 396.2
August	1 415.2	293.5	251.8	517.4	150.1	323.1	449.9	3 399.9
September	1 423.5	294.8	251.8	510.6	149.4	324.1	445.9	3 398.7
October	1 429.9	297.8	249.2	506.0	147.2	326.7	442.2	3 397.9
November	1 434.9	302.0	245.1	503.9	144.0	331.2	441.0	3 401.5
December	1 440.1	305.9	241.4	504.4	141.2	336.3	443.5	3 412.9
2003								
January	1 447.3	308.4	239.8	506.6	139.5	340.9	449.1	3 431.9
February	1 457.3	309.6	241.1	509.2	139.0	344.2	454.6	3 454.9
March	1 469.2	310.2	244.1	512.3	138.9	345.8	458.3	3 478.8
April	1 481.3	310.6	247.7	515.5	138.9	346.1	461.1	3 501.3
May	1 492.5	310.1	251.3	518.7	139.4	345.2	462.2	3 519.5
	• • • • • • • •		•••••	• • • • • • • • •		• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •

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			Clothing					
			and soft	Household	Recreational		Hospitality	
	Food	Department	good	good	good	Other	and	
Month	retailing	stores	retailing	retailing	retailing	retailing	services	Total
			ORIGIN	AL (\$ mil	lion)			
2002								
March	1 090.9	167.4	145.6	364.4	113.6	252.2	399.6	2 533.7
April	1 026.2	168.1	151.1	363.8	114.1	244.0	401.4	2 468.7
May	1 089.1	188.3	165.4	394.3	116.1	262.5	416.9	2 632.5
June	1 022.9	183.9	157.5	403.2	113.2	252.3	409.5	2 542.5
July	1 077.7	181.3	160.5	417.7	109.9	252.9	460.8	2 660.9
August	1 095.1	183.0	162.8	422.2	122.5	246.8	472.9	2 705.4
September	1 048.5	186.3	177.2	424.5	124.0	245.5	461.3	2 667.5
October	1 110.9	204.3	184.4	424.3	120.4	299.0	470.2	2 813.5
November	1 090.4	247.9	191.2	434.1	121.3	307.7	489.9	2 882.5
December	1 184.4	384.9	260.4	512.1	168.7	419.4	537.7	3 467.6
2003								
January	1 141.8	188.5	200.9	398.1	121.4	304.7	474.1	2 829.6
February	1 002.3	149.7	141.8	346.9	98.8	257.9	427.8	2 425.3
March	1 096.1	175.5	162.0	373.6	102.2	282.2	465.5	2 657.3
April	1 098.1	198.1	177.0	350.1	101.4	308.5	465.6	2 698.8
May	1 143.0	202.2	181.9	372.5	107.1	313.1	494.8	2 814.6
		SEAS	ONALLY A	DJUSTED	(\$ million	)		
0000								
2002	4 004 0	405.0	100 7	204 5	100.0	074.0	400 7	0.015.0
March	1 064.0	195.0	169.7	384.5	120.9	274.2	406.7	2 615.0
April Max	1 058.1 1 068.8	194.3 202.0	165.1 169.8	398.2 407.1	124.6 125.5	261.8 265.2	422.4 428.1	2 624.6 2 666.4
May June	1 008.8	202.0	169.8	407.1	125.5	265.2	423.2	2 676.9
July	1 073.3	189.8	167.8	420.1	125.7	264.2	472.3	2 720.1
August	1 035.0	200.8	172.6	420.3	124.5	247.8	459.0	2 720.1
September	1 083.0	200.8	172.4	442.3	130.5	247.8	469.1	2 765.1
October	1 091.4	203.4	174.6	421.2	118.3	286.7	456.6	2 752.1
November	1 094.5	217.4	183.4	413.4	118.4	289.9	469.2	2 786.1
December	1 082.8	207.1	182.9	406.5	119.1	296.1	465.7	2 760.2
2003								
January	1 090.1	208.5	186.5	383.2	115.0	322.7	465.6	2 771.6
February	1 093.0	211.2	182.5	385.9	110.5	302.1	479.9	2 765.1
March	1 098.4	214.5	194.0	387.4	108.0	306.0	485.0	2 793.3
April	1 109.8	215.6	190.8	385.1	112.4	323.5	490.1	2 827.4
May	1 125.6	212.5	188.7	386.3	112.7	317.6	503.0	2 846.4
		TR	END ESTI	MATES (\$	s million)			
2002	4 050 4	105 1	107.0	001.0	101.1	007.4	100.0	0.000.0
March	1 058.1	195.4	167.8	391.6	121.4	267.1	408.2	2 609.6
April	1 064.0	195.7	167.0	398.5	123.1	266.0	418.5	2 632.8
May June	1 070.3 1 076.6	196.3 197.0	166.6 166.9	406.9 415.8	124.1 124.4	263.7 261.7	429.8 441.1	2 657.8
July	1 078.8	197.0	168.1	415.8	124.4	260.9	441.1 451.3	2 683.5 2 708.2
August	1 082.1	200.1	170.2	423.2	124.3	263.4	459.0	2 708.2 2 730.1
September	1 088.3	200.1	173.0	426.9	124.0	270.0	463.4	2 747.4
October	1 088.8	202.3	176.4	421.8	123.2	279.4	465.3	2 758.7
November	1 088.3	205.3	170.4	421.8	119.6	279.4 289.6	466.1	2 764.8
December	1 088.8	210.0	183.0	403.7	115.0	298.9	467.6	2 769.0
2003	- 000.0	210.0	200.0	100.1		200.0		2.00.0
January	1 091.5	211.2	185.4	395.1	114.4	305.7	471.8	2 774.9
February	1 096.0	212.0	187.4	389.1	112.6	310.1	477.9	2 784.7
March	1 101.8	212.8	189.0	385.4	111.4	313.5	484.4	2 798.4
April	1 108.2	213.5	190.2	383.4	110.8	316.4	490.9	2 814.3
May	1 114.4	213.7	190.8	382.4	110.3	318.8	496.1	2 829.6

			Clothing					
			and soft	Household	Recreational		Hospitality	
	Food	Department	good	good	good	Other	and	
Month	retailing	stores	retailing	retailing	retailing	retailing	services	Total
			ORIGI	NAL (\$ mi	llion)			
2002					- /			
March	452.2	90.7	50.2	122.3	30.6	110.4	177.9	1 034.4
April	414.0	89.3	53.8	122.3	24.2	113.6	165.7	989.4
May	440.9	97.7	56.0	140.8	24.7	118.6	164.7	1 043.3
June	406.9	97.3	54.9	136.3	22.7	110.9	159.2	988.1
July	438.1	91.8	53.2	131.8	28.3	113.3	175.2	1 031.6
August	458.9	88.7	50.9	128.4	31.4	122.9	186.3	1 067.4
September	429.7	87.0	51.9	127.9	30.0	119.7	183.1	1 029.2
October	463.4	97.8	59.0	140.7	32.5	118.1	181.9	1 093.4
November	464.6	125.9	64.2	149.6	33.2	127.0	187.4	1 151.9
December	517.5	190.7	84.6	177.4	51.2	151.9	212.6	1 385.9
2003	01.10	10011	0.110	2	0112	10110	22210	2 00010
January	466.1	91.6	59.6	133.4	34.1	108.1	192.4	1 085.2
February	419.2	73.8	47.4	114.5	31.5	102.2	166.6	955.2
March	454.1	94.5	59.2	124.4	36.0	108.4	185.2	1 061.8
April	459.1	100.7	63.3	122.6	33.0	117.6	179.1	1 075.3
May	469.3	103.9	66.1	129.6	34.3	125.9	179.4	1 108.5
• • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • •				• • • • • • • • • •	•••••	
		SEA	SONALLY	ADJUSTEI	D (\$ million	)		
2002								
March	433.9	100.1	53.8	133.8	30.1	115.9	170.6	1 038.2
April	435.6	97.7	52.5	137.0	28.3	118.2	175.1	1 044.3
May	440.6	101.1	53.6	142.6	27.3	117.7	172.3	1 055.1
June	437.0	107.6	55.0	141.4	26.1	120.2	173.2	1 060.5
July	453.9	92.2	53.9	136.0	29.8	118.2	182.2	1 066.3
August	450.7	99.5	55.4	129.0	32.6	124.1	187.8	1 079.1
September	453.0	100.2	56.1	134.6	31.6	122.9	185.5	1 083.9
October	450.2	102.5	58.1	133.8	32.8	117.4	177.5	1 072.3
November	451.0	105.4	59.7	138.6	31.8	118.1	179.6	1 084.2
December	456.6	105.2	61.6	136.8	33.1	112.2	177.7	1 083.3
2003								
January	450.2	105.2	62.4	133.6	34.4	115.9	186.5	1 088.1
February	459.0	104.1	63.3	131.3	35.2	117.4	181.5	1 091.9
March	455.4	105.1	61.7	135.2	36.0	116.1	187.2	1 096.8
April	466.9	108.0	63.2	136.1	37.0	121.2	187.0	1 119.4
May	464.9	105.1	63.4	131.6	38.0	126.0	187.6	1 116.6
• • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •				• • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • •	
		I	REND ES	IIMAIES (	\$ million)			
2002								
March	433.0	99.3	53.0	136.5	28.7	114.4	171.0	1 036.5
April	436.2	99.3	53.5	138.5	28.3	116.5	173.6	1 046.7
May	439.9	99.4	53.8	138.8	28.3	118.5	175.9	1 055.3
June	443.7	99.7	54.1	137.9	28.6	120.1	178.2	1 062.5
July	447.3	100.1	54.6	136.5	29.4	121.0	180.3	1 068.8
August	449.9	100.7	55.5	135.3	30.5	121.0	181.8	1 073.9
September	451.6	101.7	56.7	134.6	31.5	120.3	182.3	1 077.8
October	452.3	102.7	58.2	134.5	32.3	118.9	181.8	1 080.0
November	452.6	103.7	59.7	134.8	32.9	117.2	181.2	1 081.8
December	453.2	104.5	61.0	135.1	33.5	115.9	181.2	1 084.5
2003								
January	454.7	105.1	61.9	135.0	34.2	115.8	182.1	1 088.9
February	457.0	105.4	62.5	134.4	35.1	116.9	183.8	1 095.1
March	459.5	105.7	62.9	134.0	36.0	118.5	185.5	1 102.1
April	462.0	105.9	63.2	133.6	36.9	120.4	186.9	1 109.4
May	464.2	106.0	63.4	133.1	37.6	122.2	187.9	1 115.9



#### RETAIL TURNOVER, By Industry Group(a)—Western Australia

Clothing and soft Household Recreational Hospitality Food Department good good Other good and Month retailing stores retailing retailing retailing retailing services Total . . . . . . . . ...... ORIGINAL (\$ million) 2002 March 608.0 100.3 78.2 185.3 68.7 126.6 173.8 1 340.9 April 566.7 104.2 89.7 177.4 66.6 120.3 171.7 1 296.7 May 596.5 112.7 97.0 193.3 66.5 131.7 173.6 1 371.3 June 558.8 105.7 89.9 194.1 63.9 122.2 163.6 1 298.2 104.4 July 579.3 82.5 168.1 71.1 128.4 173.7 1 307.5 August 604.1 104.8 83.8 179.1 73.8 130.9 184.7 1 361.2 September 568.0 100.3 78.4 170.3 64.6 124.2 176.3 1 282.2 October 630.1 122.3 86.9 206.5 67.2 131.1 197.8 1 442.0 November 641.3 149.1 91.5 207.1 70.0 134.5 197.1 1 490.7 December 719.2 231.1 127.3 240.9 100.0 182.8 221.7 1 823.0 2003 109.9 82.3 201.1 114.2 179.7 January 648.1 77.1 1 412.3 February 580.8 90.4 66.3 175.5 65.5 106.9 1 251.2 165.7 March 638.6 106.5 75.1 189.2 63.9 112.2 187.3 1 372.9 620.8 122.4 81.7 184.8 62.8 177.2 1 371.8 April 122.1 May 640.0 123.4 89.0 203.2 65.4 135.8 177.7 1 434.6 SEASONALLY ADJUSTED (\$ million) 2002 March 586.2 113.0 87.5 197.8 73.5 134.6 167.1 1 359.7 April 588.2 113.8 90.6 192.1 70.2 128.9 177.0 1 360.7 May 593.0 113.4 89.7 197.3 68.2 137.1 180.7 1 379.4 597.8 June 118.5 91.6 197.8 68.9 138.2 177.9 1 390.6 605.4 110.7 87.5 178.4 71.0 137.2 183.1 1 373.3 July August 602.5 116.7 90.0 183.9 72.7 132.8 183.8 1 382.3 September 608.9 120.3 89.2 181.7 69.2 129.0 183.6 1 381.8 October 614.9 121.8 85.6 193.0 70.6 123.0 184.2 1 393.3 628.9 November 129.8 83.4 194 7 67.5 123.6 188.6 1 416.5 December 625.7 123.9 88.1 189.7 72.5 130.1 189.4 1 419.5 2003 January 625.1 126.7 85.9 197.8 74.7 121.2 179.9 1 411.3 February 622.1 122.3 83.0 196.9 71.7 119.3 1 395.0 179.6 March 636.6 124.7 85.3 198.3 69.8 120.5 185.1 1 420.2 April 629.9 128.3 84.0 202.9 66.6 130.2 186.3 1 428.2 633.5 182.2 May 120.9 80.5 204.6 68.6 140.7 1 431.0 TREND ESTIMATES (\$ million) 2002 587.3 89.1 195.8 69.3 134.2 174.4 1 362.9 March 112.6 April 590.4 89.5 195.0 69.9 1 369.2 113.1 134.6 176.1 May 593.5 113.6 89.9 192.8 70.3 135.4 177.8 1 373.9 June 597.0 114.4 90.0 190.0 70.4 135.4 179.7 1 377.2 July 601.4 115.8 89.6 187.4 70.3 134.4 181.8 1 380.4 August 606.5 117.8 88.8 186.0 70.1 132.5 183.8 1 385.3 September 87.8 611.7 120.4 186.2 70.3 129.9 185.0 1 391.2 October 616.7 122.7 86.9 188.0 70.7 127.1 185.5 1 397.5 November 621.0 124.6 86.2 190.7 124.4 185.6 1 403.5 71.1 December 624.4 125.5 85.7 193.6 71.4 122.9 185.0 1 408.5 2003 January 626.8 125.6 85.2 195.8 71.4 122.8 184.3 1 411.8 February 628.5 125.2 84.7 197.7 71.0 123.9 183.7 1 414.6 March 630.1 124.8 84.0 199.6 70.2 125.9 183.3 1 418.0 April 631.5 124.4 83.3 201.4 69.3 128.6 183.2 1 422.0 May 632.4 123.7 82.6 203.2 68.5 131.5 183.0 1 425.5 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 



RETAIL TURNOVER, By Industry Group(a)—Tasmania

			Clothing and soft	Household	Recreational	0.1	Hospitality	
Month	Food retailing	Department stores	good retailing	good retailing	good retailing	Other retailing	and services	Total
			ORIGIN	IAL (\$ mill	ion)			
2002								
March	127.5	np	15.9	42.1	16.6	np	32.1	289.6
April	119.3	np	16.5	43.4	14.6	np	29.3	277.6
May	124.5	np	18.1	45.9	15.3	np	30.0	293.0
June	116.6	np	16.1	46.9	14.4	np	27.9	275.8
July	115.1	np	14.8	44.3	14.3	np	28.7	272.2
August	119.4	np	15.3	47.0	14.8	np	29.5	281.0
September	112.7	np	14.3	44.7	13.7	np	29.7	269.6
October	125.6	np	14.4	49.0	14.2	np	32.8	297.9
November	124.1	np	18.1	49.6	15.7	np	35.1	313.1
December	136.0	np	25.0	59.7	24.7	np	42.3	387.9
2003								
January	129.2	np	15.8	44.9	15.5	np	33.7	299.5
February	115.9	np	13.9	41.5	14.9	np	31.0	270.6
March	122.3	np	16.6	48.6	15.0	np	33.8	296.8
April	123.7	np	17.7	45.8	14.5	np	34.9	298.6
May	126.5	np	17.5	49.9	14.4	np	35.9	307.4
		SEA	SONALLY	ADJUSTED	(\$ million)			
2002								
March	121.1	np	16.4	44.3	16.9	np	28.9	285.3
April	121.1		10.4	44.3	15.6		28.9	285.5
May	124.8	np np	15.7	45.9 46.6	16.2	np	20.0 30.4	289.5
June	123.1	•	16.7	40.0	16.2	np	30.4 31.4	293.3 294.8
July	123.4	np	16.1	47.3	16.0	np	32.4	294.8 291.6
August	121.3	np np	10.1	47.1	16.2	np np	32.4	291.0
September	119.2	np	16.2	47.2	15.6	np	32.8	292.4
October	119.2	np	15.8	47.2	15.0	np	33.0	291.2
November	123.7	np	16.6	46.7	15.4	np	33.4	299.0
December	123.7	np	17.0	45.8	16.7	np	34.6	299.1
2003	121.0	ΠÞ	11.0	10.0	10.1	ΠP	01.0	200.1
January	122.5	np	16.5	47.0	14.7	np	30.8	296.5
February	121.2	np	16.2	47.7	14.8	np	31.9	296.0
March	122.2	np	17.4	50.4	15.1	np	32.3	303.3
April	124.6	np	16.8	48.0	15.6	np	34.4	304.0
May	125.7	np	16.6	50.6	15.0	np	35.9	308.3
	12011		2010	0010	2010		0010	000.0
• • • • • • • • • • • • •		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •					• • • • • • • • • • • •	
		11	REND EST	IMATES (\$	million)			
2002								
March	122.1	np	16.5	45.1	16.4	np	29.6	287.7
April	122.8	np	16.5	45.8	16.4	np	29.9	289.8
May	122.8	np	16.6	46.4	16.3	np	30.4	291.3
June	122.4	np	16.6	46.9	16.2	np	31.1	292.2
July	121.8	np	16.6	47.3	16.0	np	31.8	292.8
August	121.4	np	16.6	47.3	15.9	np	32.6	293.5
September	121.3	np	16.6	47.1	15.8	np	33.0	294.3
October	121.5	np	16.5	46.8	15.6	np	33.2	295.2
November	121.8	np	16.5	46.7	15.5	np	33.0	296.2
December	122.0	np	16.5	46.9	15.4	np	32.7	297.3
2003								
January	122.3	np	16.6	47.3	15.3	np	32.6	298.5
February	122.6	np	16.7	48.0	15.2	np	32.7	300.0
March	123.0	np	16.8	48.6	15.2	np	33.1	301.7
April	123.6	np	16.8	49.3	15.1	np	33.6	303.6
May	124.3	np	16.8	49.9	15.1	np	34.2	305.3
• • • • • • • • • • • • •			• • • • • • • • •	•••••	•••••		•••••	
				() 0	. – .			

np not available for publication but included in totals where (a) See paragraph 5 of the Explanatory Notes.

applicable, unless otherwise indicated



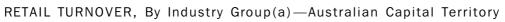
#### RETAIL TURNOVER, By Industry Group(a)—Northern Territory

Clothing and soft Household Recreational Hospitality Other Food Department good good good and retailing Month retailing stores retailing retailing retailing services Total . . . . . . . . ORIGINAL (\$ million) 2002 March 65.8 6.1 17.5 5.2 22.9 136.7 np np April 65.3 6.4 18.2 4.9 22.7 139.0 np np May 71.5 7.6 18.7 5.2 25.1 150.6 np np 151.0 June 70.3 np 7.6 19.3 5.2 np 25.1 July 76.4 np 8.6 16.2 5.8 np 27.7 161.7 August 77.8 8.5 17.8 6.2 27.4 164.9 np np September 72.2 np 7.9 17.0 5.5 np 24.8 152.1 October 73.4 7.8 16.6 5.1 26.4 153.2 np np November 70.0 np 8.0 16.3 4.9 np 26.0 150.7 December 72.3 9.3 18.2 6.0 25.3 162.7 np np 2003 January 66.0 16.4 21.9 135.2 np 6.1 3.8 np Februarv 61.9 14.9 20.0 125.3 5.4 4.1 np np March 69.7 np 6.1 16.3 4.3 np 22.2 139.9 April 70.7 15.6 4.8 23.6 140.9 6.0 np np May 75.0 7.0 17.0 5.4 np 26.1 152.8 np SEASONALLY ADJUSTED (\$ million) 2002 March 67.0 7.3 18.4 5.4 24.7 144.7 np np April 148.1 68.1 np 7.4 18.9 5.3 np 24.3 69.6 24.4 148.9 May np 7.9 18.1 5.1 np 68.8 18.8 24.4 149.5 June np 7.7 5.1 np July 70.9 7.8 16.5 5.6 24.6 150.3 np np August 70.3 np 7.5 17.7 5.7 24.1 149.0 np September 71.2 7.7 17.1 5.5 24.4 150.2 np np October 71.2 np 7.3 16.1 5.0 24.7 147.1 np 148.0 November 15.8 24.6 71.0 np 7.5 5.0 np December 71.8 np 7.0 15.4 5.1 np 24.9 147.8 2003 January 71.7 np 7.1 16.9 4.3 np 25.1 149.1 February 71.5 7.0 16.8 4.8 25.3 149.8 np np March 72.3 np 7.2 17.2 4.6 np 24.9 150.5 April 72.5 6.9 16.4 5.2 24.9 148.8 np np May 72.4 25.8 150.7 np 7.1 17.1 5.3 np . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . TREND ESTIMATES (\$ million) 2002 March 67.2 7.6 18.7 5.3 24.6 146.0 np np April 68.0 18.5 24.5 147.3 7.6 5.3 np np May 68.9 np 7.6 18.3 5.3 np 24.4 148.5 June 69.6 7.7 18.0 5.4 24.4 149.4 np np July 70.2 np 7.7 17.6 5.4 24.3 149.6 np August 70.7 np 7.7 17.2 5.4 24.4 149.4 np September 71.0 7.6 16.7 5.3 24.4 148 9 np np October 24.6 148.5 71.2 np 7.4 16.3 5.2 np November 71.3 7.3 16.2 5.0 24.7 148.3 np np December 71.5 7.2 16.2 4.8 24.9 148.4 np np 2003 16.4 January 71.7 np 7.1 4.7 np 25.0 148.8 February 71.9 7.1 16.6 4.8 25.1 149.3 np np March 72.1 7.1 16.8 4.8 25.1 149.7 np np April 72.3 7.0 17.0 5.0 25.2 150.1 np np May 72.5 7.0 17.1 25.3 150.4 5.1 np np . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .

np not available for publication but included in totals where

(a) See paragraph 5 of the Explanatory Notes.

applicable, unless otherwise indicated



			Clothing and soft	Household	Recreational		Hospitality	
	Food	Department	good	good	good	Other	and	
Month	retailing	stores	retailing	retailing	retailing	retailing	services	Tota
				AL (\$ mil	lion)			
2002					- /			
March	116.3	24.4	17.8	43.6	12.5	25.6	50.6	290.9
	110.3	24.4 26.2	20.0	43.6	12.5	25.6 23.8	50.6 49.4	290.
April May	110.3	28.2	20.0 21.9	43.4 45.0	13.3	23.8 24.2	49.4 50.2	300.0
-					13.3		50.2 50.8	
June	111.7 110.8	27.3 24.4	20.1 18.3	45.0 40.6	12.4	21.4 23.8	50.8 53.7	288. 285.
July August		24.4 24.1	18.3		14.1	25.8 25.3	55.9	285. 298.
0	116.7	24.1 24.0	18.1	43.9	14.4 12.7	25.3 27.4	55.9 52.6	298. 286.
September October	111.6 118.8	24.0 27.5	17.1 18.7	41.3 49.4	12.7	27.4 25.4	52.6 54.6	286. 306.
November								
	119.7	33.8	20.2	50.8	13.7	29.4	55.2	322.
December	129.3	52.5	26.8	61.2	18.7	37.5	57.1	383.
2003	1110	04.0	10.0	54.0	10.4	10.0	50.4	000
January	114.2	24.2	16.8	51.6	13.1	18.0	50.1	288.
February	107.0	21.4	15.7	48.3	14.3	17.5	50.2	274.
March	116.3	25.9	19.6	53.4	14.9	19.1	57.6	306.
April	113.6	28.9	20.6	51.1	12.7	20.0	56.8	303.
May	118.1	28.4	20.6	54.6	13.7	21.0	59.4	315.
							• • • • • • • • • • •	
		SEAS	ONALLY A	ADJUSTED	(\$ million	)		
2002								
March	114.5	27.1	19.0	45.1	12.7	27.3	49.6	295.
April	115.6	27.2	18.9	47.7	13.9	26.0	48.3	297.
May	116.1	28.4	20.3	46.4	13.6	25.2	49.7	299.
June	117.2	31.2	19.7	46.9	12.5	24.4	51.2	303.
July	112.6	24.7	17.9	40.7	13.6	24.9	52.5	286.
August	114.7	28.0	20.0	45.4	14.8	24.9	55.5	303.
September	116.9	29.0	19.8	43.9	13.5	26.7	53.5	303.
October	116.2	28.5	19.2	48.3	13.3	24.7	53.1	303.
November	116.0	29.7	19.8	47.6	13.2	27.7	53.5	307.
December	114.2	27.5	19.0	47.5	13.0	23.7	54.4	299.
2003								
January	115.0	28.7	18.5	51.0	15.1	20.8	54.8	303.
February	115.4	29.4	19.4	54.1	15.9	21.3	55.8	311.
March	116.9	29.6	20.3	55.7	15.1	20.7	55.8	314.
April	117.0	29.6	19.7	55.4	13.7	21.9	56.4	313.
May	116.8	27.0	19.1	57.0	14.0	22.0	57.4	313.
		TR	END ESTI	MATES (\$	6 million)			
2002								
March	115.0	27.5	19.7	45.0	13.6	26.6	49.3	297.
April	115.3	27.7	19.6	45.5	13.5	26.0	49.7	297.
May	115.4	27.8	19.5	45.5	13.5	25.5	50.4	297.
June	115.4	27.9	19.4	45.2	13.5	25.1	51.4	298.
July	115.5	28.1	19.4	44.8	13.6	25.2	52.4	298.
August	115.5	28.3	19.4	44.7	13.6	25.5	53.2	300.
September	115.5	28.5	19.4	45.0	13.5	25.7	53.7	301.
October	115.4	28.5	19.4	46.1	13.6	25.6	53.9	302.
November	115.4	28.7	19.3	47.6	13.8	24.9	54.0	303.
December	115.4	28.9	19.3	49.4	14.1	23.8	54.3	305.
2003								
January	115.5	28.9	19.3	51.2	14.4	22.7	54.8	306.
February	115.7	29.0	19.4	52.9	14.7	21.8	55.4	308.
March	116.1	28.9	19.5	54.6	14.7	21.3	56.0	311.
April	116.5	28.9	19.5	55.9	14.7	21.3	56.5	313.
, ipin		28.8	19.5	57.1	14.6	20.9	57.0	315.
May	116.9							316

### EXPLANATORY NOTES

INTRODUCTION

**1** This publication presents monthly estimates of the value of turnover of retail businesses classified by industry, and by state/territory. The principal objective of the series is to show month to month movement of turnover.

**2** Estimates of turnover contained in this publication are compiled from the Retail Business survey which includes about 6,500 retail and selected service businesses. All 'large' businesses are included in the survey, while a sample of about 4,100 'smaller' businesses is selected. The 'large' business' contribution of approximately 55% of the total estimate ensures a highly reliable Australian total turnover estimate.

SCOPE AND COVERAGE**3** The scope of the Retail Business survey is all employing businesses with at least<br/>one retail outlet. Like most ABS economic surveys, the frame used for the Retail Business<br/>survey is taken from the ABS Business Register which includes registrations to the<br/>Australian Taxation Office's (ATO) Pay As You Go Withholding (PAYGW) scheme. Each<br/>statistical unit (as defined below) included on the ABS Business Register is classified to<br/>the Australian and New Zealand Standard Industrial Classification (ANZSIC) industry in<br/>which it mainly operates. The frame is supplemented with information about business<br/>which are classified as non-retail but which have significant retail activity.

**4** The frame is updated quarterly to take account of new businesses, businesses which have ceased employing, changes in employment levels, changes in industry and other general business changes. The estimates include an allowance for the time it takes a newly registered business to get on to the survey frame. Businesses which have ceased employing are identified when the ATO cancels their Australian Business Number (ABN) and/or PAYGW registration. In addition, businesses with less than 50 employees which did not remit under the PAYGW scheme in each of the previous five quarters are removed from the frame.

**5** The following industries included in the survey are as defined in ANZSIC:

- Food Retailing
  - Supermarkets and grocery stores (5110) and non-petrol sales of convenience stores of selected petrol stations Takeaway food retailing (5125)
  - Other food retailing

Fresh meat, fish and poultry retailing (5121)

- Fruit and vegetable retailing (5122)
- Liquor retailing (5123)
- Bread and cake retailing (5124)

Specialised food retailing n.e.c. (5129)

- Department Stores (5210)
- Clothing and Soft Good Retailing

Clothing retailing (5221)

Footwear, fabric and other soft good retailing

Footwear retailing (5222)

- Fabric and other soft good retailing (5223)
- Household Good Retailing
  - Furniture and floor covering retailing
    - Furniture retailing (5231)
    - Floor covering retailing (5232)
  - Domestic hardware and houseware retailing (5233)
  - Domestic appliance and recorded music retailing
    - Domestic appliance retailing (5234)

Recorded music retailing (5235)

SCOPE AND COVERAGE continued	<ul> <li>Recreational Good Retailing         <ul> <li>Newspaper, book and stationery retailing (5243)</li> <li>Other recreational goods retailing</li> <li>Sport and camping equipment retailing (5241)</li> <li>Toy and game retailing (5242)</li> <li>Photographic equipment retailing (5244)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Other Retailing</li> <li>Pharmaceutical, cosmetic and toiletry retailing (5251)</li> <li>Other retailing n.e.c.</li> <li>Antique and used good retailing (5252)</li> <li>Garden supplies retailing (5253)</li> <li>Flower retailing (5254)</li> <li>Watch and jewellery retailing (5255)</li> <li>Retailing n.e.c. (5259)</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Hospitality and Services         <ul> <li>Hotels and licensed clubs</li> <li>Pubs, taverns and bars (5720)</li> <li>Clubs (Hospitality) (5740)</li> <li>Cafes and restaurants (5730)</li> <li>Selected services</li> <li>Video hire outlets (9511)</li> <li>Hairdressing and beauty salons (9526).</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
STATISTICAL UNITS DEFINED ON THE ABS BUSINESS REGISTER	<b>6</b> The ABS uses an economic statistics units model on the ABS Business Register to describe the characteristics of businesses, and the structural relationships between related businesses. The units model is also used to break groups of related businesses into relatively homogeneous components that can provide data to the ABS.
	7 In mid 2002, to better use the information available as a result of The New Tax System, the ABS changed its economic statistics units model. The new units model allocates businesses to one of two sub-populations. The vast majority of businesses are in what is called the ATO Maintained Population, while the remaining businesses are in the ABS Maintained Population. Together, these two sub-populations make up the ABS Business Register population.
ATO Maintained Population	<b>8</b> Most businesses and organisations in Australia need to obtain an ABN, and are then included on the ATO Australian Business Register. Most of these businesses have simple structures; therefore the unit registered for an ABN will satisfy ABS statistical requirements. For these businesses, the ABS has aligned its statistical units structure with the ABN unit. The businesses with simple structures constitute the ATO Maintained Population, and the ABN unit is used as the statistical unit for all economic collections.
ABS Maintained Population	9 For the population of businesses where the ABN unit is not suitable for ABS statistical requirements, the ABS maintains its own units structure through direct contact with each business. These businesses constitute the ABS Maintained Population. This population consists typically of large, complex and diverse businesses. The new statistical units model described below has been introduced to cover such businesses. Enterprise Group: This is a unit covering all the operations in Australia of one or more legal entities under common ownership and/or control. It covers all the operations in Australia of legal entities which are related in terms of the current Corporations Law (as amended by the Corporations Legislation Amendment Act 1991), including legal entities such as companies, trusts, and partnerships. Majority ownership is not required for control to be exercised.

ABS Maintained Population continued	Enterprise: The enterprise is an institutional unit comprising (i) a single legal entity or business entity, or (ii) more than one legal entity or business entity within the same Enterprise Group and in the same institutional sub-sector (ie they are all classified to a single Standard Institutional Sector Classification of Australia sub-sector).
	Type of Activity Unit (TAU): The TAU is comprised of one or more business entities, sub-entities or branches of a business entity within an Enterprise Group that can report production and employment data for similar economic activities. When a minimum set of data items are available, a TAU is created which covers all the operations within an industry sub-division (and the TAU is classified to the relevant sub-division of the ANZSIC). Where a business cannot supply adequate data for each industry, a TAU is formed which contains activity in more than one industry sub-division.
	<b>10</b> For more information on the impacts of the introduction of the new economic statistics units model, refer to <i>Information Paper: Improvements in ABS Economic Statistics [Arising from the New Tax System]</i> (cat. no. 1372.0).
	<b>11</b> Prior to the July 2002 reference month, the Retail Business survey used the management unit as the statistical unit. From the July 2002 reference month onwards, the statistical unit is the ABN unit for businesses with simple structures, and the TAU for businesses with complex structures. In most cases, ABN/TAU units concord with the management units previously used.
SURVEY METHODOLOGY	<b>12</b> The survey is conducted monthly by both telephone interview and a questionnaire mailed to businesses. The businesses included in the survey are selected by random sample from a frame stratified by state, industry and business size. For the ABS Maintained Population, the ABS uses reported employment as the measure of business size. For the ATO Maintained Population, for which employment data are not updated on a regular basis, the ABS uses a derived size benchmark. The derived size benchmark is a modelled employment size measure, based primarily on wages and salaries from Business Activity Statements or number of payees from the ATO, which is scaled to be the same magnitude as the previous employment and Earnings.
	<b>13</b> In the first month of each quarter, some businesses in the sample are replaced, at random, by other businesses so that the reporting load can be spread across smaller retailers.
	<b>14</b> Most businesses can provide turnover on a calendar month basis and this is how the data are presented. When businesses cannot provide turnover on a calendar month basis, the reported data and the period they relate to are used to estimate turnover for the calendar month.
	<b>15</b> Most retailers operate in a single state/territory. For this reason, estimates of turnover by state/territory are only collected from the larger retailers which are included in the survey each month. These retailers are asked to provide turnover for sales from each state/territory in which the business operates. Turnover for the smaller businesses is allocated to the state of their head office or main outlet.
DEFINITION OF TURNOVER	<b>16</b> Turnover includes retail sales; wholesale sales; takings from repairs, meals and hiring of goods (except for rent, leasing and hiring of land and buildings); commissions from agency activity (e.g. commissions received from collecting dry cleaning, selling lottery tickets, etc.); and net takings from gaming machines etc. From July 2000, turnover includes the Goods and Service Tax.

### DEFINITION OF TURNOVER continued

**17** Turnover presented in the Retail Trade series includes net proceeds from licensed gambling activities undertaken in the Hotels and licensed clubs industry. The impact of net proceeds from gambling on movements in the Retail Trade series was discussed in a feature article 'Contribution of gambling to retail estimates' included in the December 2002 issue of this publication. The article concluded that net proceeds from gambling had not had a significant impact on quarterly movements for the series but net proceeds from gambling had increased over time and users should be aware of this when interpreting the series. For December quarter 2002, net proceeds from gambling was 3.6% of the Total Retail series and 39.8% of the turnover of Hotels and licensed clubs.

SEASONAL ADJUSTMENT**18** Seasonally adjusted estimates are derived by estimating and removing systematic<br/>calendar related effects from the original series. In the Retail trade series, these calendar<br/>related effects are known as seasonal (e.g. increased spending in December as a result of<br/>Christmas) and trading day influences (arising from the varying length of each month<br/>and the varying number of Sundays, Mondays, Tuesdays, etc. in each month). Each<br/>influence is estimated by separate seasonal and trading day factors which, when<br/>combined, are referred to as the combined adjustment factors.

**19** The seasonally adjusted estimates also have an allowance for an Easter proximity effect, which is caused when Easter falls late in March or early in April. This effect, when present, is combined with the seasonal and trading day factors to form the combined adjustment factors. There is also a similar allowance for the variable timing of Father's Day. See the Appendix of the July 2001 and August 2002 issues respectively of this publication for more information.

**20** The Retail series uses a concurrent seasonal adjustment methodology to derive the combined adjustment factors. This means that data from the current month are used in estimating seasonal and trading day factors for the current and previous months. For more information see *Information Paper: Introduction of Concurrent Seasonal Adjustment into the Retail Trade Series* (cat. no. 8514.0).

**21** Concurrent adjustment can result in revisions each month to estimates for earlier periods. However, in most instances, the only noticeable revisions will be to the combined adjustment factors for the current month, the previous month and the same month a year ago. The following table shows how the combined adjustment factor for these months, at the total Australian Retail and Hospitality/services level, evolved under the concurrent seasonal adjustment factors. The first row gives the combined adjustment factors estimated following the last annual reanalysis in August 2002 using data up to and including the July 2002 reference month. The second row gives the most recent combined adjustment factors estimated and used in this month's calculation of the concurrent seasonally adjusted series.

#### COMBINED ADJUSTMENT FACTORS

	May	Apr	May	
	2002	2003	2003	
Factors as estimated at last reanalysis (July 2002 reference month)	0.99243	0.95533	0.99425	
Factors as estimated with current month's data				
(May 2003 reference month)	0.99269	0.95824	0.99250	
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SEASONAL ADJUSTMENT continued

**22** The seasonal adjustment methodology is able to produce combined adjustment factors for future months. The latest factors for some future months are shown in the following table. While these factors represent the best current estimate, the actual factors used for estimating the seasonally adjusted estimates in these months will differ because they will incorporate subsequent months' data as they become available.

#### COMBINED ADJUSTMENT FACTORS

	Jun 2003	Jul 2003	Aug 2003
Factors as estimated with current month's data (May 2003 reference month)	0.93617	0.97996	0.96904

**23** The seasonal and trading day factors are reviewed annually at a more detailed level than possible in the monthly processing cycle. The annual reanalysis will not normally result in significant changes. For Retail Trade, the results of the latest review are usually shown in the July issue each year, but for 2002 appear in the August issue.

**24** In the seasonal adjustment process, both the seasonal and trading day factors evolve over time to reflect changes in spending and trading patterns. Examples of this evolution include the slow move in spending from December to January; and, increased trading activity on weekends and public holidays. The seasonally adjusted estimates still reflect the sampling and non-sampling errors to which the original estimates are subject.

**25** As a result of the different treatment of Australian and State totals in the seasonal adjustment process, the Australian total for an industry group may not necessarily equal the sum of the State totals for that industry group.

**TREND ESTIMATES26** The monthly trend estimates are derived by applying a 13-term Henderson moving<br/>average to the seasonally adjusted estimates (7-term for quarterly series). The<br/>Henderson moving average is symmetric, but as the end of a time series is approached,<br/>asymmetric forms of the moving average have to be applied. The asymmetric moving<br/>averages have been tailored to suit the particular characteristics of individual series and<br/>enable trend estimates for recent periods to be produced. Estimates of the trend will be<br/>improved at the current end of the time series as additional observations become<br/>available. This improvement is due to the combined effect of the concurrent seasonal<br/>adjustment methodology and the application of different asymmetric moving averages<br/>for the most recent six months (or three quarters). As a result of the improvement, most<br/>revisions to the trend estimates will be observed for the most recent six months (or<br/>three quarters).

**27** Trend estimates are used to analyse the underlying behaviour of the series over time. As a result of the introduction of The New Tax System, a break in the monthly trend series has been inserted between June and July 2000. Care should therefore be taken if comparisons span this period. For more details refer to the Appendix in the December 2000 issue of this publication.

**28** For further information on trend estimates, see *Information Paper: A Guide to Interpreting Time Series — Monitoring 'Trends': an Overview* (cat. no. 1348.0) or contact the Assistant Director, Time Series Analysis on Canberra 02 6252 6345.

CHAIN VOLUME MEASURES	<b>29</b> The chain volume measures of retail turnover appearing in the quarterly issue of this publication are annually reweighted chain Laspeyres indexes referenced to current price values in a chosen reference year (currently 2000–2001). The reference year is updated in the June publication each year. Each year's data in the Retail chain volume series are based on the prices of the previous year, except for the quarters of the latest incomplete year (i.e. for the 2002–2003 financial year) which are based upon price data for the 2000–2001 financial year. Comparability with previous years is achieved by linking (or chaining) the series together to form a continuous time series.
RELIABILITY OF ESTIMATES	<ul> <li>30 There are two types of error possible in estimates of retail turnover: <i>Sampling error</i> which occurs because a sample, rather than the entire population, is surveyed. One measure of the likely difference resulting from not including all establishments in the survey is given by the standard error, see below. Sampling error may be larger for the first month of each quarter, when some of the businesses in the sample are replaced by other businesses so that the reporting load can be spread across retailers.</li> <li><i>Non sampling error</i> which arises from inaccuracies in collecting, recording and processing the data. The most significant of these errors are: misreporting of data items; deficiencies in coverage; non-response; and processing errors. Every effort is made to minimise reporting error by the careful design of questionnaires, intensive training and supervision of interviewers, and efficient data processing procedures.</li> </ul>
STANDARD ERRORS	<b>31</b> Standard errors for the Australian estimates (original data) for May 2003 contained in this publication are:

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		Standard										
Data Series	Estimate	error										
Level of retail turnover (\$m)	14 712.2	137.9										
Change from preceding month (\$m)	540.0	41.8										
% change from preceding month (%)	3.8	0.3										

**32** Estimates for sampled businesses in the first month of each quarter can be influenced by the quarterly rotation of sampled businesses. This rotation is done to spread the reporting load across retailers and to ensure the sample remains representative of the population. At times, the businesses rotated into the sample can perform differently from the businesses they replace or those already in the sample. The potential impact of the quarterly rotation is reflected in the sampling errors for the relevant months.

**33** Seasonally adjusted and trend estimates and chain volume measures are also subject to sampling variability. For seasonally adjusted estimates, the standard errors are approximately the same as for the original estimates. For trend estimates, the standard errors are likely to be smaller. For chain volume measures, the standard errors may be up to 10% higher than those for the corresponding current price estimates because of the sampling variability contained in the prices data used to deflate the current price estimates.

**34** To assist users in assessing the reliability of estimates, each data series has been given a grading of A to E. Where:

 A represents a relative standard error on level of less than 2%. The published estimates are highly reliable for movement analysis;

STANDARD ERRORS continued

- B represents a relative standard error on level between 2 and 5%, meaning the estimate is reliable for movement analysis purposes;
- C represents a relative standard error on level between 5 and 10%, meaning users are advised to exercise some caution in interpreting movements for such series;

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- D represents a relative standard error on level between 10 and 15% meaning users are advised to exercise caution in interpreting movements for such series; and
- E represents a relative standard error on level greater than 15% (mainly affects unpublished state by industry series.

**35** The table below provides an indicator of reliability for key retail turnover estimates.

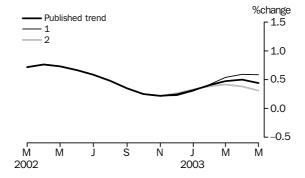
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		Food	Depart- ment	Clothing & soft good	House- hold	Recrea- tional	Other	Hospit- ality &		
		retailing	Stores	retailing	good retailing	good retailing	retailing	services	Total	
	NSW	В	А	В	С	С	С	В	A	
	Vic.	В	А	С	С	С	С	В	A	
	Qld	В	A	В	С	С	D	С	В	
	SA WA	B B	A	В	C	C D	С	C	B	
	Tas.	B	A np	B C	C C	D	D np	C C	B B	
	NT	B	np	c	c	E	np	c	B	
	ACT	B	A	В	C	c	D	C	В	
	Aust.	А	А	В	В	В	В	В	А	
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ABBREVIATIONS		ABN	Australia	an Busine	ess Numl	ber				
		ABS	Australia	an Burea	u of Stati	stics				
	А	NZSIC	Australia	an and N	ew Zeala	nd Stand	ard Indu	strial Clas	sification	
		ATO	Australia	an Taxati	on Office	9				
		n.e.c.	not else	where cl	assified					
	P	AYGW	pay-as-y	ou-go wi	thholdin	g				
		TAU	type of a	activity u	nit					
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EFFECT OF NEW SEASONALLY ADJUSTED ESTIMATES ON TREND ESTIMATES

**1** The most recent trend estimates published in this release are likely to be revised when next month's seasonally adjusted estimates become available. To assist readers of this publication in analysing retail trends, the approximate effect of the two possible scenarios on the previous trend estimates of the percentage change in total retail turnover for Australia are presented below. For more information see the trend estimates section of the explanatory notes.

- 1 The June seasonally adjusted estimate of retail turnover is 1.0% higher than the May estimate.
- 2 The June seasonally adjusted estimate of retail turnover is 1.0% lower than the May estimate.



TECHNICAL NOTE

**2** Under concurrent seasonal adjustment, the most recent seasonally adjusted and trend estimates are likely to be revised when original estimates for subsequent months become available. The trend revision is a combined result of the revision of the seasonally adjusted estimates and the revision derived from the use of asymmetric moving averages as future data become available (for more information, refer to paragraph 26 in the explanatory notes). ABS research shows that about 75% of the total revision to the trend estimate at the current end of the time series is due to the use of different asymmetric moving averages when the original estimate for the next time period becomes available. To assess the reliability of the trend estimate at the current end, the "what-if" chart presents trend estimates under two different scenarios of the next time period. The chart shows only the impact due to the changes of the asymmetric moving averages and does not include the unknown impact of revision to seasonal factor estimates that would arise when the original estimate for the next time period becomes available.

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